

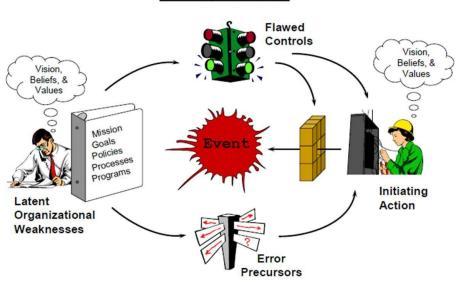
## Accidents in Utilities Is it Human Error or Something Else?

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## THE PROBLEM

- Injuries, illnesses, and fatalities are still prevalent in the US utility industry, especially in Electric Production, Transmission and Distribution<sup>1</sup>.
- Our understanding of safety risks cannot improve while incident investigations are still focused on<sup>2</sup>:
  - Proximal causes of accidents.
  - Issues relatively easy to fix.
  - Placing blame.
- Human error is the most frequently cited cause of accidents in the utility industry<sup>3</sup>.
- However, most errors are rather due to latent organizational weaknesses, such as<sup>4</sup>:
  - Internal/external financial rewards for risk taking.
  - Limited management commitment to safety.
  - Inconsistent application of serious consequences for deviant worker behavior.
  - Inconsistent control of contractors.
  - o Limited safety leadership knowledge or skills.
- The contributing factors to safety and health incidents are interrelated, and include latent organizational weaknesses, flawed controls, error precursors, and individual actions as summarized in the picture below<sup>3</sup>:



Anatomy of an Event

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## THE SOLUTION

- A system approach to addressing human variability concentrates on the conditions under which people work, as well as on building defenses to avert errors or mitigate their effects<sup>5</sup>.
- The implementation of an Occupational Health and Safety Management System (OHSMS) is the self-evident outcome of the system approach.
- There are many guidelines available for the implementation of an OHSMS:
  - o Michigan OSHA's Safety and Health Management System Guidelines
    - www.michigan.gov/documents/lara/miosha\_cetsp02\_351603\_7.doc
  - o ANSI/AIHA/ASSE Z10 -2012
    - <u>http://www.asse.org/ansiaihaasse-z10-2012-occupational-health-safety-management-</u> systems/ansi/aiha/asse-z10-2012-occupational-health-and-safety-management-systems/
  - o ISO 45000 2018
    - https://www.iso.org/standard/63787.html
  - o OSHA's Recommended Practices for Safety and Health Programs
    - https://www.osha.gov/shpguidelines/docs/OSHA\_SHP\_Recommended\_Practices.pdf
- OHSMS can be integrated with Human Performance Improvement methods<sup>3, 6</sup>.
- Principles of Human Performance<sup>7</sup>:
  - People are fallible. Even the best people make mistakes.
  - Error-likely situations/conditions are predictable, manageable, and preventable.
  - o Individual performance is influenced by organizational processes and values.
  - People achieve high level of performance largely because of encouragement/ reinforcement from leaders, peers, and subordinates.
  - Incidents can be avoided through an understanding of the reasons mistakes occur and applying the lessons learned from past events.

## References

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