

Michigan's Traffic Crash Data: Yeah, It's Dangerous Out There!

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Office of Highway Safety Planning (OHSP)



Mission

To save lives and reduce injuries on Michigan roads through leadership, innovation, facilitation, and program support in partnership with other public and private organizations.

Crash Not Accident



When we call something an "accident," it implies that no one is at fault and that no one, including the driver, bears responsibility for the outcome.

The term "crash," on the other hand, is more specific in terms of the action's outcome without the unpreventable implication.

It is vitally important that we use the right words to describe the situation, especially when distracted driving, impaired driving, and other avoidable actions are at the center of an incident.

2022 Michigan Crash Clock

Every 1 minute and 48 seconds, a traffic crash was reported in Michigan.

As a result of a traffic crash:

- Every 7 minutes and 29 seconds, one person was injured.
- Every 7 hours and 48 minutes, one person was killed.

Source: Michigan Traffic Crash Facts University of Michigan Transportation Research Institute

2022 General Crash Data

In the 293,341 reported crashes in 2022, there were:

241,222 property damage-only crashes 51,066 personal injury crashes with 70,281 people injured

1,053 fatal crashes with 1,123 fatalities

29.2% of the fatal crashes occurred at intersections

Speeding/Aggressive Driving

Excessive speed by any motorist, or non-motorist, that was a factor in a crash.

Setting MI Speed Limits

The Michigan Dept of Transportation and MSP jointly set speed limits based on the 85th percentile.

That means if 85 percent of drivers on a section of road are driving 55 mph or less, the 85th percentile speed would be 55.

Michigan uses this methodology because it is the national standard for setting speed limits.

www.michigan.gov/mdot/travel/safety/road-users/speed-limits

2022 Speeding/Aggressive Driving

Of the 490,560 drivers involved in crashes, 26,996 had a hazardous action of "Speed too Fast."

Single motor vehicle crashes were the most common crash type associated with speed-involved crashes.

2022 Speeding/Aggressive Driving



Excessive speed was a factor in:

- 223 fatalities in crashes
- 880 suspected serious injuries

"Speed too Slow" was also reported as a hazardous action for 116 crashes.

Michigan's Hands-Free Driving Law



Went into effect June 30, 2023

Illegal to manually use a cell phone or other mobile electronic device while operating a vehicle on Michigan roads.

A driver cannot hold or support a phone or other device with any part of their hands, arms, or shoulders.

2022 Cell Phones & Crashes



A total of 2,380 crashes occurred where a motor vehicle driver was using a cell phone.

- 8 of those crashes involved a fatality
- 3 pedestrians and 5 bicyclists were reported to be using cell phones
- 3 of those pedestrians were killed

Cell Phones/Distracted Driving



Of the 2,382 motor vehicle drivers using cell phones, 441 (18.5%) were 20 years of age or younger.

2022 Distracted-Driving Crashes



Driver distraction includes any activity that shifts attention from the driving task:

- Talking, texting, videoing on a cell phone
- Talking to passengers
- Eating and drinking
- Adjusting the radio or GPS
- Adjusting hair, make-up

2022 Distracted Driving Crashes



22.7 percent of distracted driving/cell phone use crashes involved a lane departure.

35.6 percent of distracted driving/cell phone use crashes took place at an intersection.

48.2 percent of distracted driving/cell phone use crashes were rear-end crashes.



2022 Failure to Use Restraint(s)

Seat belt use by motorists is measured two ways:

- what motorists report to police at the scene of a traffic crash (reported usage)
- observation surveys, where motorists are unaware of the presence of researchers (observed usage)

2022 Failure to Use Restraint(s)

Of the 480,362 reported drivers and passengers involved in crashes when seat belt use was known:

- 473,195 (98.5%) reported they were using restraints at the time of the crash
- 7,167 reported they were not using seat belts at the time of the crash

Michigan Seat Belt Law

Michigan has a primary seat belt law, which means law enforcement can stop and ticket motorists solely for not being buckled up.

The law requires:

Passengers 8-15 years of age to buckle up in all seating positions.

Drivers and front-seat passengers are to be buckled up.

Michigan Seat Belt Law

Michigan's child passenger safety law requires:

Children **younger than age 4 to ride in a car seat in the rear seat if the vehicle has a rear seat**. If all available rear seats are occupied by children under 4, then a child under 4 may ride in a car seat in the front seat. A child in a rear-facing car seat may only ride in the front seat if the airbag is turned off.

Children are to be properly buckled in a **car seat or booster seat until they are 8 years old or 4 feet 9 inches tall**. Children must ride in a seat until they reach the age requirement or the height requirement, whichever comes first.

Children & 2022 Michigan Crash Data

A total of **27,560** people aged 0-14 were involved in crashes in 2022.

- 4,112 children injured in crashes
- 26 children were killed in crashes
- Restraint usage among drivers and injured passengers aged 0-14, as reported by police at the scene of a traffic crash, was 90.2 percent
- The age group with the LOWEST restraint usage among children aged 11 14 (87.2 percent)

Source: Michigan Traffic Crash Facts University of Michigan Transportation Research Institute

2022 Failure to Use Restraint(s)

A total of **317** people in motor vehicle crashes were **ejected** because they were not wearing a seat belt. Of those:

- 207 were drivers
- 109 were injured passengers
- 1 was an uninjured passengers
 - 70 people ejected were killed



2023 Michigan Safety Belt Use Rate by County



2022 Alcohol-Impaired Crashes

Any driver, pedestrian, or cyclist involved in the crash reported as "had-beendrinking (HBD)" by the police officer. This map shows a one-year comparison between 2021 and 2022 in traffic fatalities where HBD occurred.

Orange – increase Cream – same or decrease



2022 Drug-Impaired Crashes

A crash is drug-involved if any driver, pedestrian, or cyclist involved was reported as suspected of drug use by the police officer on the Traffic Crash Report.

2022 Drug-Impaired Driving

	What They're Using Now	
\mathbf{r}	Nitrous Oxide	Alprzolam
	THC and Alcohol & THC	Tramadol
	Adderall	Trazadone
	Cocaine	Meth
	Buprenorphine	Computer dust cleaner

2022 Alcohol-Drug Impaired Crashes

Of the 1,053 fatal crashes that occurred, 229 were drug-involved, with at least one drugged bicyclist or pedestrian.

Michigan's Vulnerable Populations and Traffic Safety

2022 Pedestrian Crashes

At least one pedestrian in a crash with a motor vehicle on a public roadway.

2022 Pedestrian Crashes

Pedestrians are defined as a person

- On foot
- On skis
- On skates
- On rollerblades
- In a non-motorized wheelchair
- As the rider of a horse or a horse and buggy

2022 Pedestrian Crashes

There were 2,026 pedestrians involved in 1,897 motor vehicle crashes.

There were 173 killed with 1566 injured.

Of the 173 pedestrians killed, 53 of the deaths were the result of an alcohol-involved crash, and 34 of those pedestrians had been drinking.

2022 Bicyclist Crashes

There were **1351** bicyclists involved in motor vehicle crashes in Michigan in 2022.

- 36 bicyclists were killed in 35 fatal crashes.
 - 6 were the result of a had-been-drinking crash
 - 2 of the bicyclists had been drinking

An additional 1030 bicyclists were injured in 1,024 police-reported crashes.



Michigan Bicycling Law



On June 29, 2018, Governor Snyder signed into law PA 279 and 280 that require motorists to give three feet of space as they pass bicyclists on the roadways.

Most drivers completely misjudge how far three feet is from their vehicle to the cyclist.

It begins with the widest part of the bicyclist that "sticks out" while on the bike, which is usually the handlebars, and goes to the widest part of the vehicle, which is typically a side view mirror.

Let's Think About...



Think about people who make up your community's vulnerable population of road users.

Do these people have to:

- walk or roll on the road because there are no sidewalks?
- use their wheelchairs on the road because curbs are barriers?
- rely on walking, cycling, or using a buggy because there is no other means of transportation?
- run or cycle on the road because there is no shoulder?

Can you identify areas of high risk to these road users to determine what safety improvements could mitigate their safety risks?

University of Michigan Transportation Research Institute



https://www.michigantrafficcrashfacts.org/

What's My BIG Ask of You?

Traffic Safety Partners in Your Community



Local businesses, faith-based organizations & various agencies in your county/district Local law enforcement



K -12 schools, colleges & universities, student groups in your communities Healthcare providers, local insurance agents, small & large businesses



Join a Traffic Safety Network Group



- A TSN is a regional committee that focuses on traffic safety issues in its region.
- All TSNs should be made up of a variety of members from the region, not solely law enforcement or government agencies.
- TSNs usually have quarterly meetings with food.
- Opportunities to network with other professionals interested in reducing serious injuries and fatalities as the result of crashes.

Partner With OHSP

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Visit the OHSP Online Catalog to order FREE traffic safety educational materials!

https://www.michigan.gov/ohspcatalog



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... WE MAKE THINGS BETTER FOR EVERYONE

WHEN WE DESIGN FOR DISABILITIES

Sketchplanations

Thank You



Thank you for your attention and for becoming a new traffic safety partner.

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