WORLD CLASS HEALTH & SAFETY EVENT Michigan Safety Conference

Implementing a PSM Program at a Battery Manufacturing Plant

Andrea Maurer, Ford Battery and Powertrain Manufacturing Engineering Safety Manager Scott Houghton, Ford Global Battery & Electric Vehicle Safety Manager





94 Years - Find Your Safety

Our experience implementing Process Safety Management at a new battery cell manufacturing plant

- Lots of experience in building vehicles.
- Limited previous experience with PSM
- Implementation of our PSM system is ongoing

Instructions

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LITHIUM-ION BATTERY RESEARCH & MANUFACTURING

CURRENT STATE

- Ongoing battery research at Dearborn R&E Center
- Ford Ion Park pilot plant in Romulus, MI opened in 2024
- Currently purchase batteries from suppliers such as LG and SK



NEW LITHIUM-ION BATTERY MANUFACTURING PLANTS

Blue Oval – SK (BOSK)

- Joint venture with SK-On
- Glendale, KY and Stanton, TN
- Lithium Nickel Manganese Cobalt (NMC) batteries

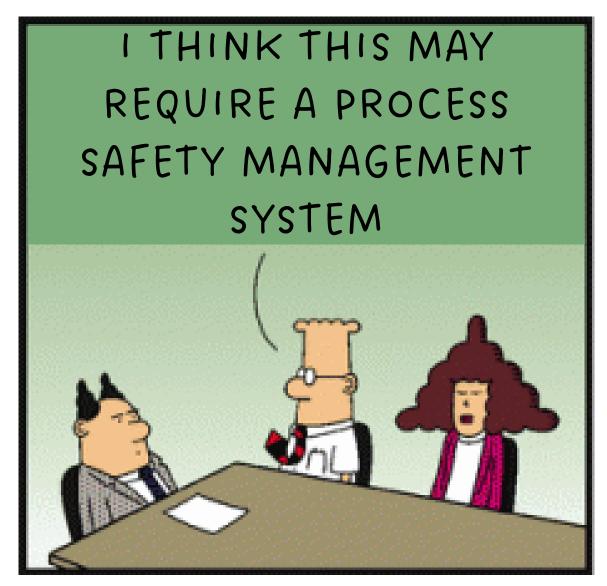
COMING SOON



Blue Oval Battery Park (BOBPM)

- Marshall, Michigan
- Wholly-owned subsidiary
- Technology licensed from CATL
- Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePO₄) batteries

LITHIUM-ION BATTERY RESEARCH & MANUFACTURING



dilbert-risk-21.gif (640×199)

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GETTING STARTED ON PSM – THE OSHA STANDARD

§ 1910.119 Process safety management of highly hazardous chemicals.

Covered processes:

- Process which involves a chemical at or above the specified threshold quantities listed in Appendix A of this section
- 2. A process which involves a Category 1 flammable gas
 - Ignitable when in a mixture of 13% or less by volume in air, or
 - Have a flammable range with air of at least 12 percentage points regardless of the lower flammability limit
- 3. A process which involves a flammable liquid with a flashpoint below 100 °F (37.8 °C)

GETTING STARTED ON PSM – THE OSHA STANDARD

§ 1910.119 Process safety management of highly hazardous chemicals.

Exceptions:

- Hydrocarbon fuels used solely for workplace consumption as a fuel (e.g., propane used for comfort heating, gasoline for vehicle refueling), if such fuels are not a part of a process containing another highly hazardous chemical covered by this standard
- Flammable liquids stored in atmospheric tanks or transferred which are kept below their normal boiling point without benefit of chilling or refrigeration.
- Retail facilities
- Oil or gas well drilling or servicing operations
- Normally unoccupied remote facilities

GETTING STARTED ON PSM – THE OSHA STANDARD

§ 1910.119 Process safety management of highly hazardous chemicals.

Threshold Quantities:

- Appendix A chemicals varies by substance
- Flammable gases and liquids:

 A quantity of 10,000 pounds (4536 kg) on site in one location

OSHA interprets "on site in one location" to mean that coverage extends to vessels within contiguous areas controlled by an employer or group of affiliated employers.

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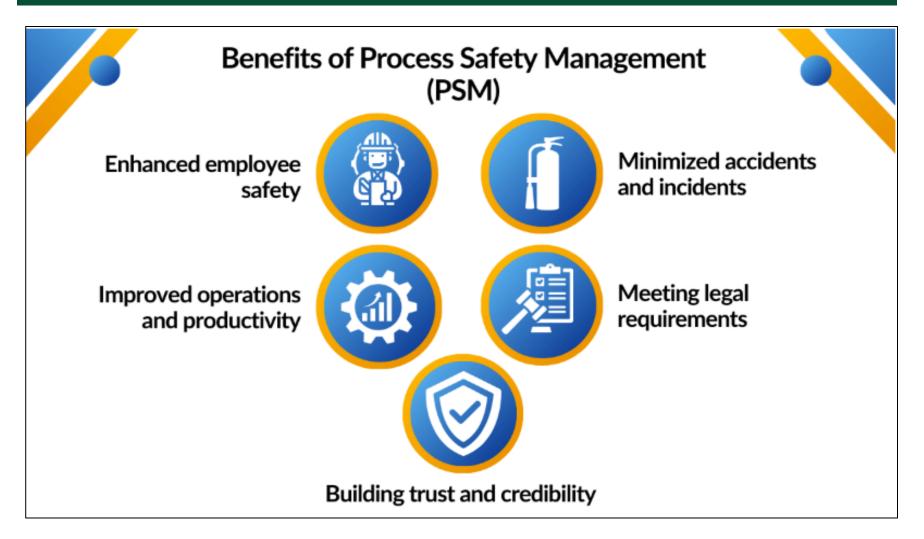


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OSHA PSM VS. EPA RMP

- OSHA's Process Safety Management (PSM) focuses on protecting workers from hazardous chemicals in the workplace, while EPA's Risk Management Program (RMP) aims to protect the community and environment from accidental releases.
 - EPA list of covered chemicals is similar to OSHA Appendix A but not exactly the same
 - EPA RMP covers 63 specific flammable chemicals but not those used at battery manufacturing plants

BENEFITS OF IMPLEMENTING PSM



Understanding Process Safety Management (PSM) in Malaysia - Elements, Requirements & More

GETTING STARTED ON PSM

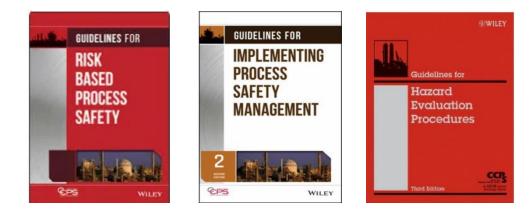
We go to PSM Boot Camp

We read a bunch of PSM books

We start looking for a PSM consultant

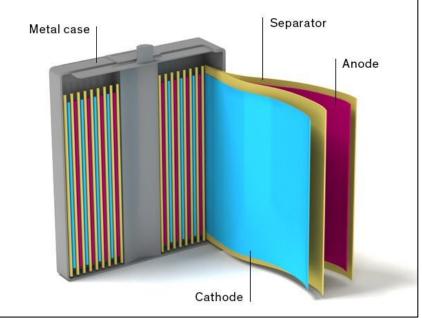


Forrest Gump (1994) - Afemo Omilami as Drill Sergeant - IMDb



BATTERY TYPES

Prismatic Battery

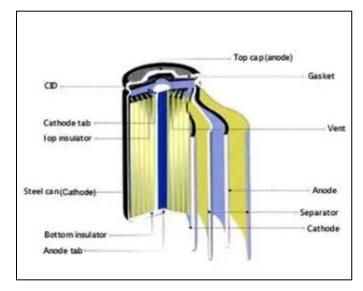


How to Build a Safer, More Energy-Dense Lithium-ion Battery - IEEE Spectrum

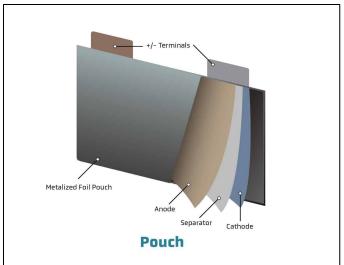
Common Features:

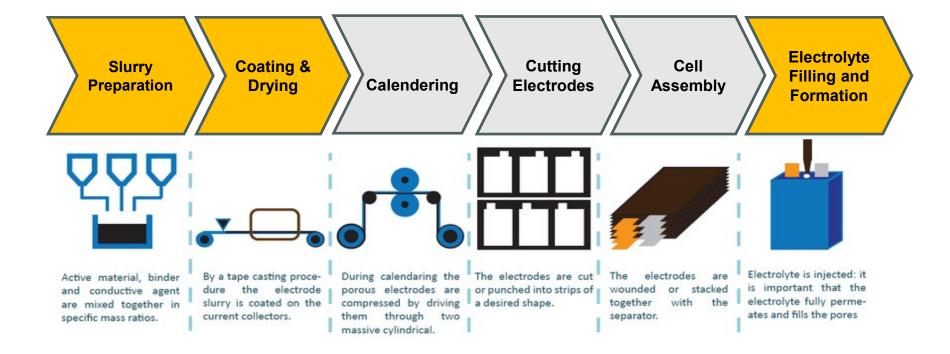
- Anode (-): Coated copper
- Cathode (+): Coated aluminum
- Separator

Cylindrical Battery



Pouch Battery





Slurry Preparation

Electrode manufacturing

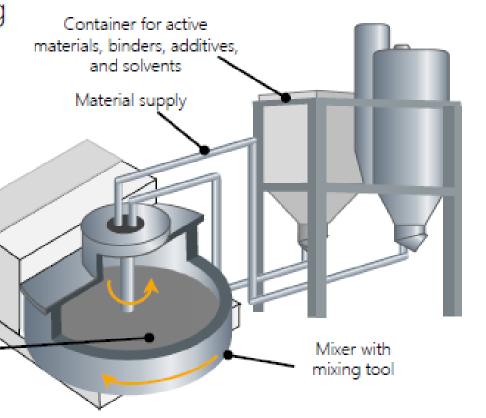
Typical Materials:

<u>Anode</u>

- Powder: Graphite
- Solvent: DI Water

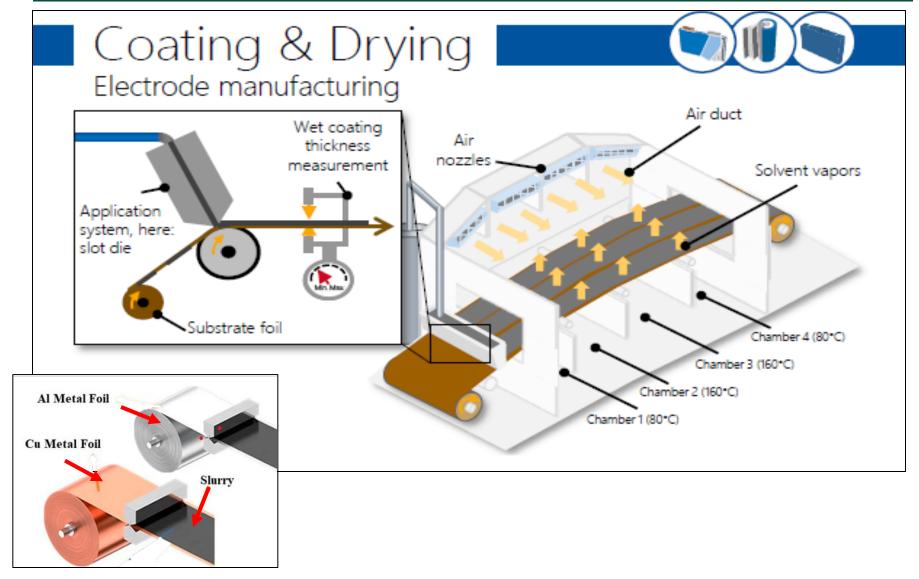
Cathode

- Powder:LiNiMnCoO₂
 LiFePO₄
- Solvent: NMP



Cell assembly

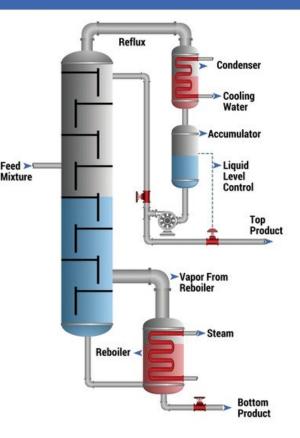
Cell finishing

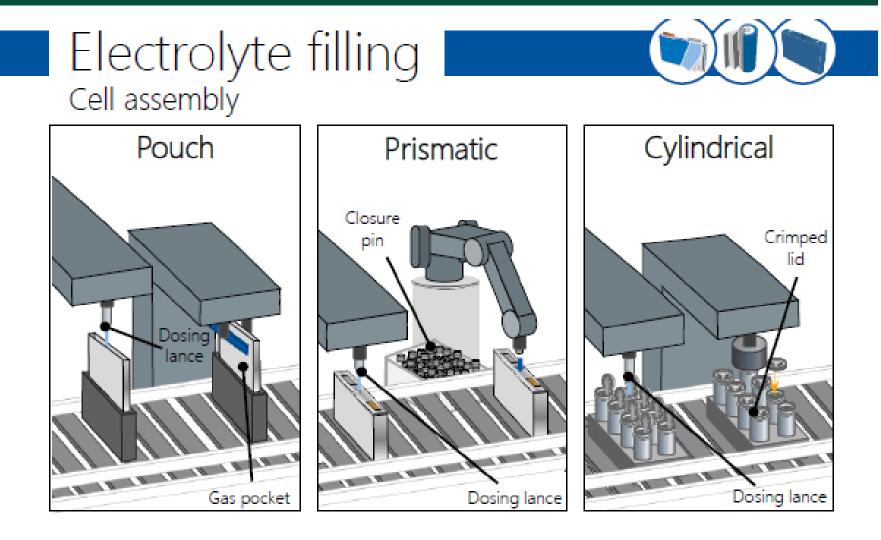


NMP Reclamation

Distillation column

NMP solvent removed during the cathode drying process can be reclaimed using a distillation process



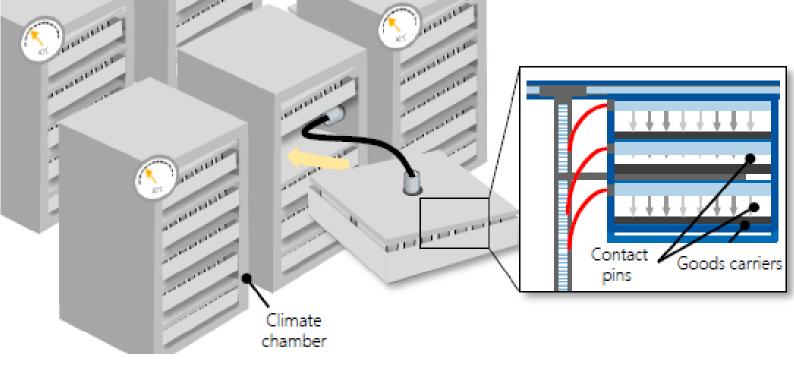


Electrode manufacturing

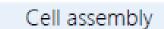
Cell finishing



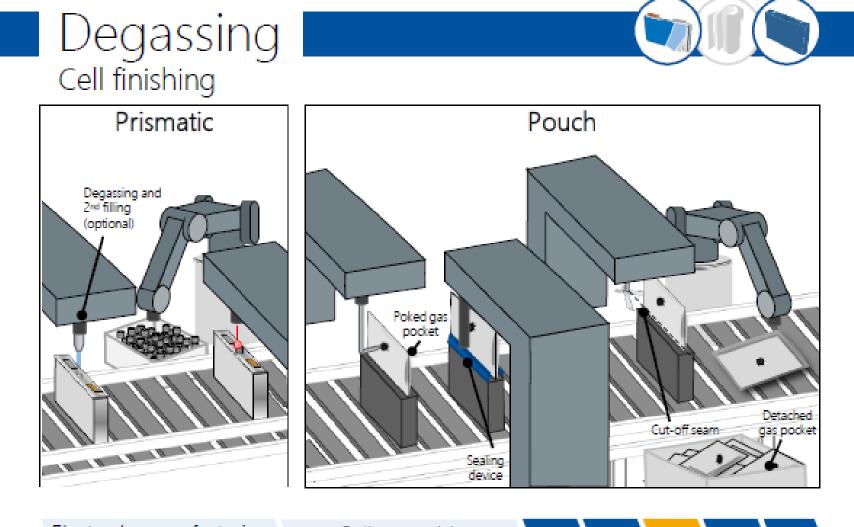




Electrode manufacturing







Electrode manufacturing

Cell assembly

TYPICAL BATTERY MFG CHEMICALS THAT ARE COVERED BY PSM

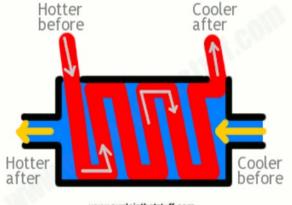
N-Methyl Pyrrolidone

- Combustible liquid: flash point = 196°F (91°C)
- Heated above flash point during distillation process
- > 10,000 pounds in process

"Hot Oil" Heat Exchanger Fluid

- Combustible liquid: flash point > 300°F (148°C)
- · Heated above flash point during cathode drying
- > 10,000 pounds in process





www.explainthatstuff.com

TYPICAL BATTERY MFG CHEMICALS THAT ARE COVERED BY PSM

Battery Electrolyte

- Primary components are flammable liquids
- Alkyl carbonates are typically the primary ingredients, such as:
 - Ethyl methyl carbonate
 - Diethyl carbonate
- Typical battery plants have >> 10,000 pounds, stored in pressurized tanks



Tank farms | Lycopodium

CHALLENGES & LESSONS LEARNED – JOINT VENTURE PARTNERS

Battery OEMs

- Battery process knowledge and plant design
- Input on equipment specifications and procurement

Ford

- Knowledge of U.S. safety standards
- Primarily responsible for leading PSM implementation

Potential Challenges

- Language
- Distance/travel
- National/corporate cultures
- Different national safety regulations
- Confidentiality

CHALLENGES & LESSONS LEARNED – FIND A GOOD CONSULTANT

Lots of PSM Consultants:

We talked to 4 or 5 of them – you would probably recognize their names

Selection Criteria:

- Experience with non-traditional clients
- Experience outside of oil/gas/chemicals
- Flexible on scope of work turnkey vs. a-la-carte
- Willing to provide advice outside of scope of work

Objectives:

- Complete preliminary hazard analysis
- Assist with "difficult" PSM elements, such as Mechanical Integrity

CHALLENGES & LESSONS LEARNED – FIND GOOD SOFTWARE

Software for PHAs (used by consultants)

- PHAWorks Lite (Primatech)
- PHA Pro 8 (Sphera)

Software for management of other PSM Elements

- Integration with existing business processes
- IT approval, cybersecurity

Reviewing options

• Input welcome



https://techcrunch.com

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CHALLENGES & LESSONS LEARNED – START EARLY

Do Process Hazard Analyses as early as possible

- Availability of Piping & Instrumentation Diagrams (P&IDs) limits early start time
- Preliminary PHA after 60% Design Review

Risks of Starting Late

- Availability of people to participate in PHAs during launch
- Resolving issues after process is already constructed



CHALLENGES & LESSONS LEARNED – PHA EXPERIENCE

Cover "ground rules" first

Alignment on Probability and Severity

- Focus on each aspect of risk separately
- Consider severity first without controls
- Choose <u>credible</u> scenarios
- No double-jeopardy
- The risk of human error is never zero



Use a "parking lot" to capture issues and move on Word recommendations carefully – firm but flexible Don't redesign the system during the PHA <u>Don't underestimate the value of an experienced PHA leader!</u> <u>It's going to take longer than you expected!</u>

CHALLENGES & LESSONS LEARNED – DEFINING BOUNDARIES OF PSM

PSM applies to specific processes, not the entire plant

Majority of facility is not covered by PSM

For some processes, only a portion of the process is covered

- NMP distillation covered due to high temperature
- NMP storage/distribution not covered

Challenges to Having Only a Portion of the Plant Covered by PSM:

- Requirements vary by area/process
- People move internally

CHALLENGES & LESSONS LEARNED – COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS

How to Manage Combustible Liquids > Flash Point

Inconsistent guidance from OSHA standards

NFPA standard is most conservative:

 Treat combustible liquids heated above their flashpoints as flammable liquids

We opted to follow the NFPA approach, so these processes are included in our PSM system:

- Hot oil heat exchanger fluid
- NMP distillation

1. OSHA PSM

"...flammable liquid with a flashpoint below 100 °F"

2. OSHA 1910.10 Flammable Liquids

When a liquid with a flashpoint is heated for use to within 30 °F (16.7 °C) of its flashpoint, it shall be handled in accordance with the requirements the next lower category.

3. OSHA Letter of Intent

1994: Dowtherm is not intended to be covered by 1910.119.

4. NFPA 30

Storage, handling, and use of Class II and Class III liquids [FP \ge 100°F (37.8°C)] heated at or above their flash point shall follow the requirements for Class I liquids [FP < 100°F (37.8°C)] ...

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CHALLENGES & LESSONS LEARNED – ALL THOSE OTHER ELEMENTS

Integrating PSM with Existing Programs & Practices

Least Challenging*

Hot Work Permits	* In our opinion
Trade Secrets	
Contractor Safety	
Emergency Planning & Response	
Incident Investigations	
Training	
Compliance Audits	
Process Safety Information	
Employee Participation	
Operating Procedures	
Management of Change	
Maahaniaal Integrity	

Mechanical Integrity

Process Hazard Analysis

Most Challenging*



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Questions?

Andrea Maurer <u>amaurer@ford.com</u>

Scott Houghton ghought2@ford.com





Thank You for your participation.

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