





### Who Are We?

We are a 3rd generation nationwide asset restoration company and specialty contractor with 80 years of experience in asset restoration and preservation.

### **Our Mission:**

Unlocking potential while protecting your most critical assets.

Locations

**Scaffold Staging Access** 

IP GM Marion

Roof Restoration GM Charlotte



- Industrial Painting
- 10-40K Blasting
- Sandblasting
- Industrial Cleaning
- Lead Abatement
- Corrosion Control
- Roof Restoration
- Interior Protection
- Staging & Scaffolding
- Insulation









TAKE THE TIME TO CAKE, IN ORDER TO BUILD TRUST, THEN YOU ARE ABLE TO HELP ONE ANOTHER









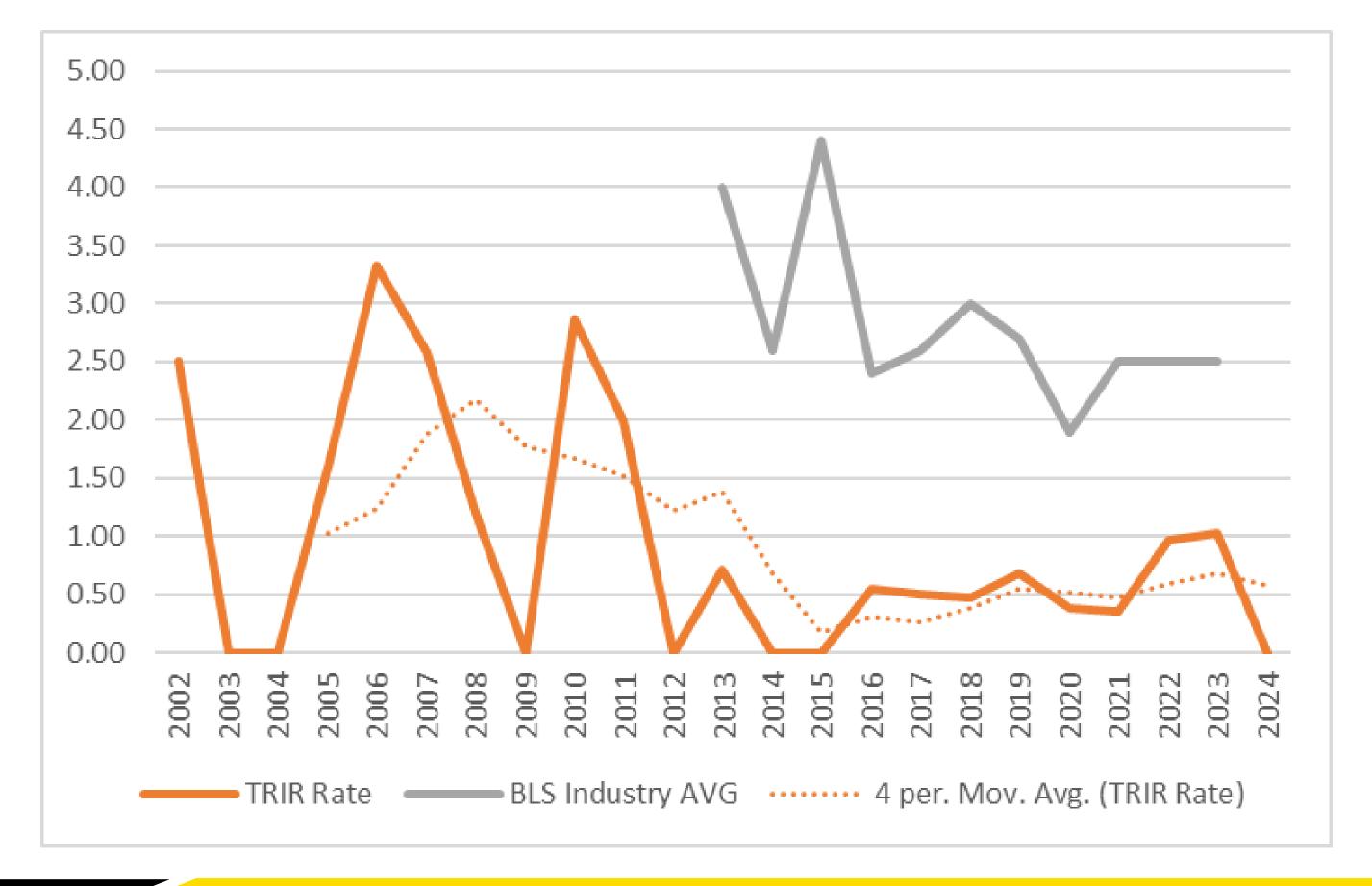


TAKE THE TIME TO CAKE, IN ORDER TO BUILD TRUST, THEN YOU ARE ABLE TO HELP ONE ANOTHER.











# NILES -1.0M+ hours without lost time Injury







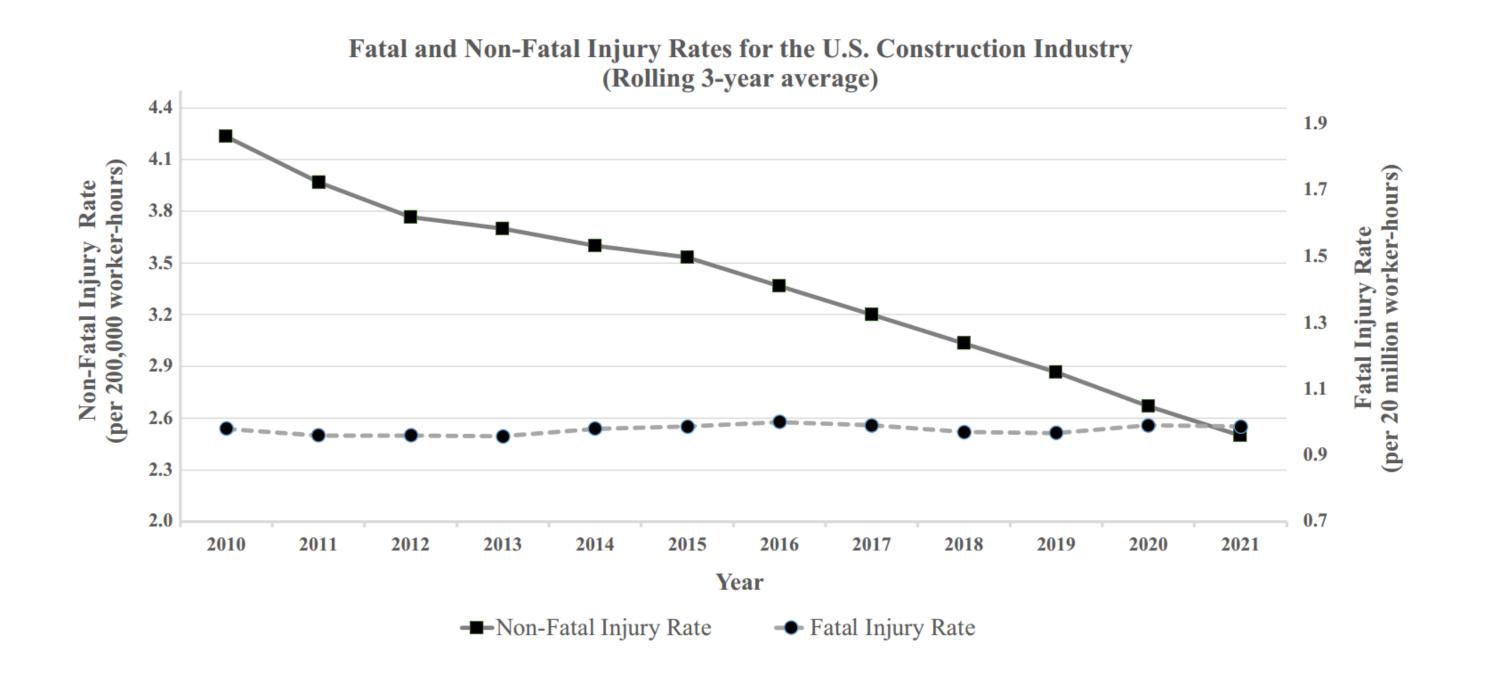


Heinrich's Triangle Theory









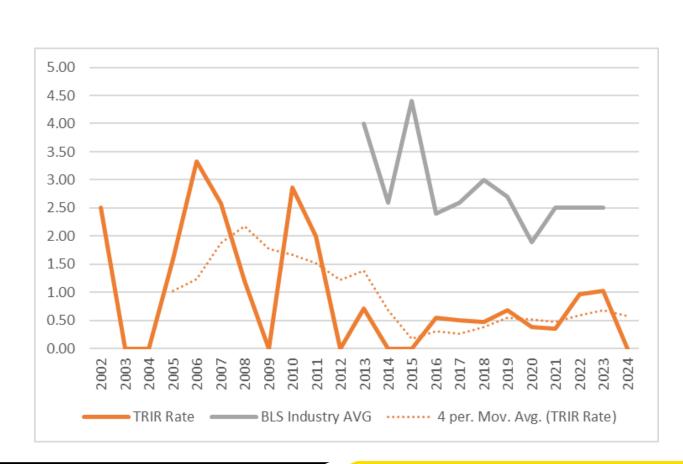
bayona-et-al-2024-the-things-that-hurt-people-are-not-the-same-as-the-things-that-kill-people

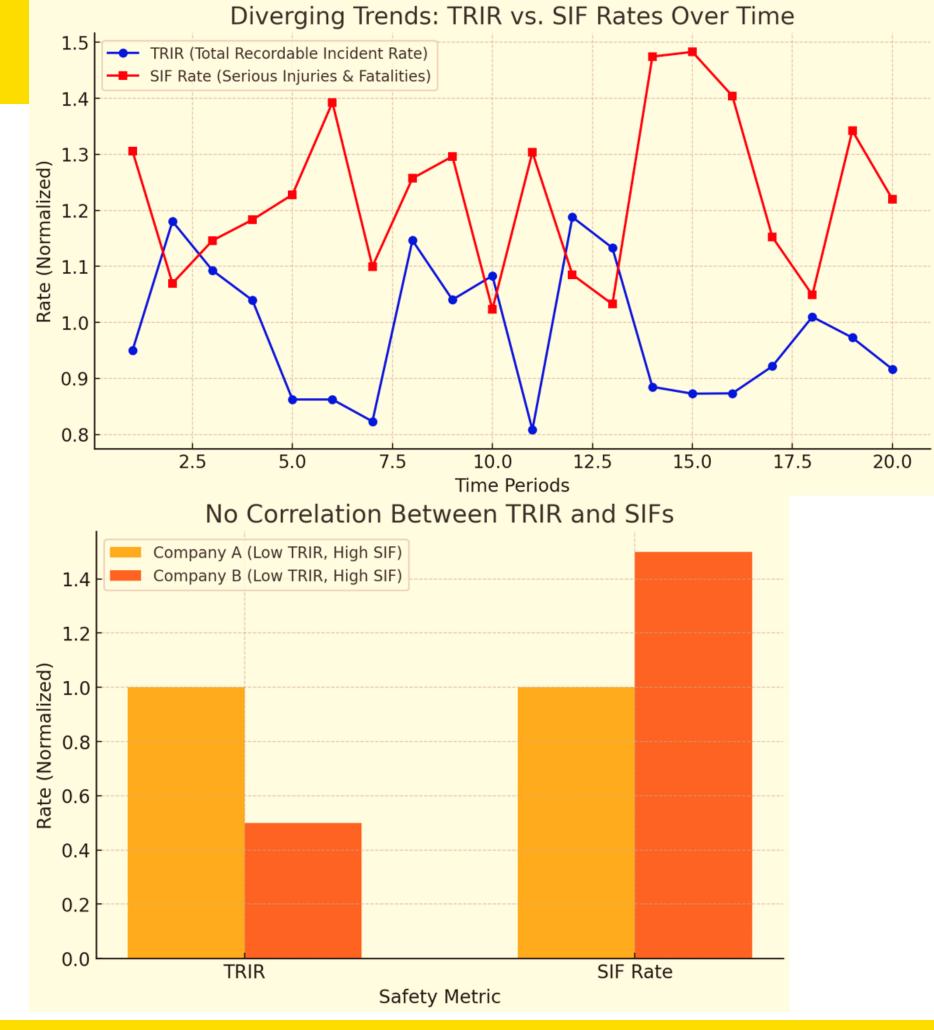




#### What does a low TRIR mean

- 1. No Statistical Correlation Between TRIR and SIF
- 2. TRIR is Almost Entirely Random and as such is Not a reliable performance Indicator
- 3. A low TRIR is not a good indicator of future safety performance



















- How leaders respond to failure matters

- Leaning is Key

- Context Drives Behavior

"Your response will determine whether you learn—or just repeat the cycle."

"If you don't learn from failure, you're destined to repeat it."

"You can't fix people—you have to fix the system they work in."









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Train)







- How leaders respond to failure matters
- Leaning is Key

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Blame fixes nothing (FBT - Fail Blame "If we keep blaming people, we will never fix the system."

Mistakes are normal

"Your response will determine whether you learn—or just repeat the cycle."

"If you don't learn from failure, you're destined to repeat it."

"You can't fix people—you have to fix the system they work in."

"People make mistakes. Even the best people, in the best organizations, in the best conditions."





# Two Key Factors Differentiate SIFs from Minor Injuries?



### Two Key Factors Differentiate SIFs from Minor Injuries

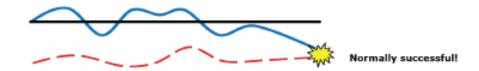
### (1) Absent or Not Followed Work Plan

Work planning and execution failures were **highly prevalent** in SIFs.

A failure to properly assess and/or control high-energy hazards **led directly to fatalities**.

Work as planned vs. work in practice

work in practice



"Workers are masters of the blue line."





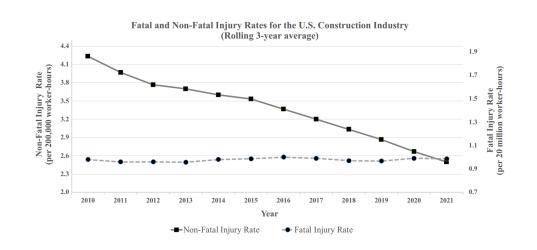
### Two Key Factors Differentiate SIFs from Minor Injuries

#### (2) Absent Direct Controls

In nearly every SIF incident, **direct controls were missing** or not functioning properly.

#### Direct controls are

- Physical barriers or fail-safes that keep workers separated from the hazard
- Or mitigate energy exposure when it is released
- And work when a mistake is made















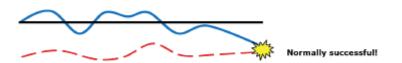


**NILES UNIVERSITY** 



#### Work as planned

work in practice



"Workers are masters of the blue line."











TriRex Fall Cart Setup & Inspect

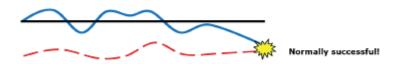
**NILES UNIVERSITY** 





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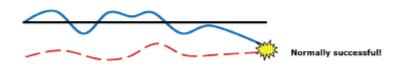
**NILES UNIVERSITY** 





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TriRex Fall Cart Setup & Inspect

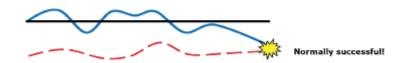
**NILES UNIVERSITY** 





Work as planned

work in practice



"Workers are masters of the blue line."

- Conklin/Edwards



What is it that can seriously hurt or kill me?

What are the direct controls in place to prevent this happening?

Are they sufficient & Are they working?









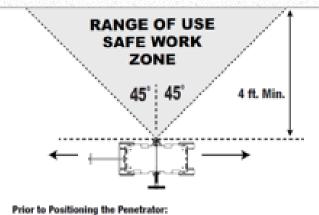


# Fail Safely - Key Components





Unprotected Edge or Leading Edge - 30 ft. M	ax.
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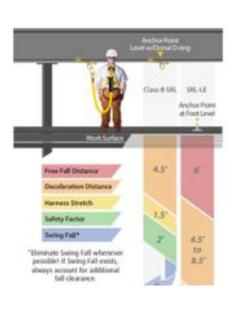
Range of	Use Chart
Distance to Leading Edge	Maximum Range of Use
4 ft.	8 ft.
5 ft.	10 ft.
6 ft.	12 ft.
7 ft.	14 ft.
8 ft.	16 ft.
9 ft.	18 ft.
10 ft.	20 ft.
11 ft.	22 ft.
12 ft.	24 ft.
13 ft.	26 ft.
14 ft.	28 ft.

Verify that the surface is capable of supporting the Penetrator, ballast weights, cart, and all personnel using it.

After 15 ft. Max. Range No Greater than 30 ft.

#### **Equipment Standardization**







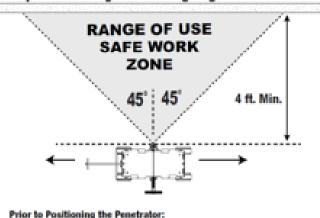


## Fail Safely - Key Components





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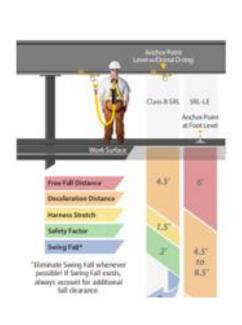
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7 ft.	14 ft.
8 ft.	16 ft.
4 ft. 5 ft. 6 ft. 7 ft.	8 ft. 10 ft. 12 ft. 14 ft.

#### 20 ft. 22 ft. 24 ft. 13 ft. 26 ft. 14 ft. 28 ft. 15 ft. 30 ft.

After 15 ft. Max. Range No Greater than 30 ft.

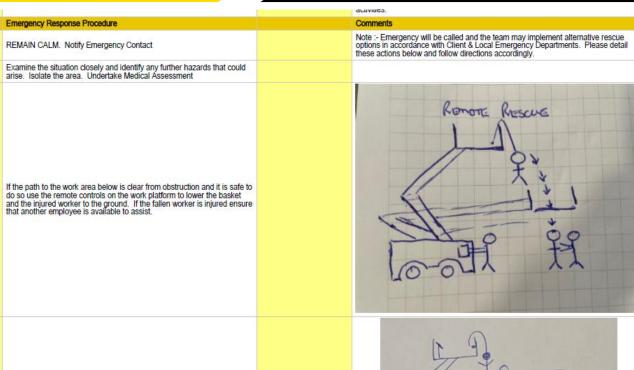
#### **Equipment Standardization**

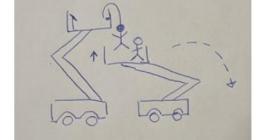
















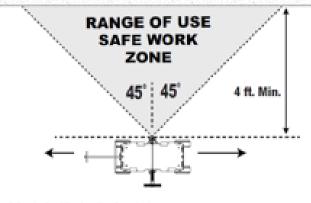


# Fail Safely - Key Components





#### Unprotected Edge or Leading Edge - 30 ft. Max.



#### Prior to Positioning the Penetrator:

Verify that the surface is capable of supporting the Penetrator, ballast weights, cart, and all personnel using it.

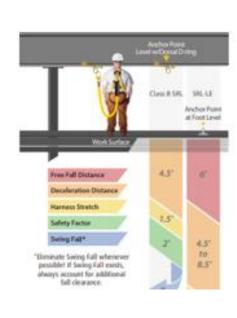
#### Range of Use Chart

Distance to	Maximum
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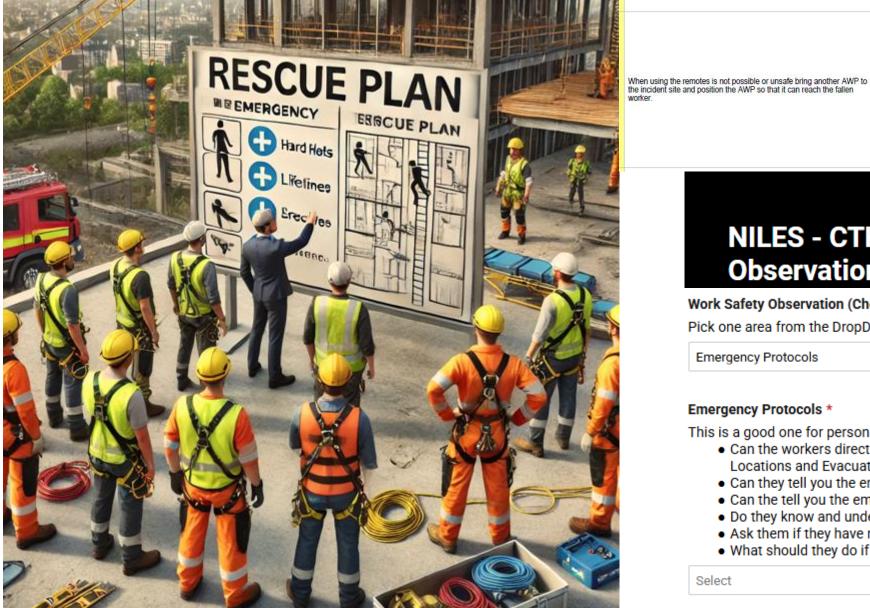
After 15 ft. Max. Range

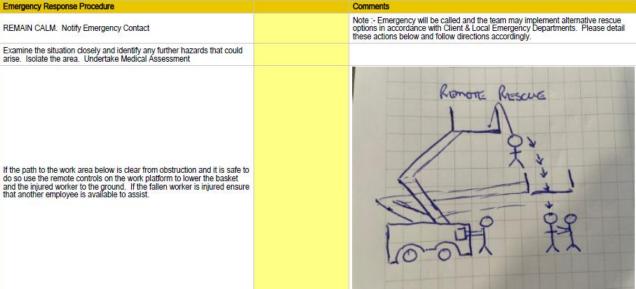
#### **Equipment Standardization**













#### **NILES - CTH - Work Safety Observation**

Work Safety Observation (Check That Observed) \*

Pick one area from the DropDown List to Observe or Interact

Emergency Protocols

#### **Emergency Protocols \***

This is a good one for personnel interaction with the crew.

- Can the workers direct you to the Eye Wash Station, Safety Shower, Take Shelter Locations and Evacuation Route.
- Can they tell you the emergency signals / tones
- . Can the tell you the emergency number to phone in case of an emergency.
- . Do they know and understand the emergency / rescue plan
- · Ask them if they have reviewed the daily engagement today.
- What should they do if they recognize a new hazard for the first time.







# **Stop When Unsure – Key Components**









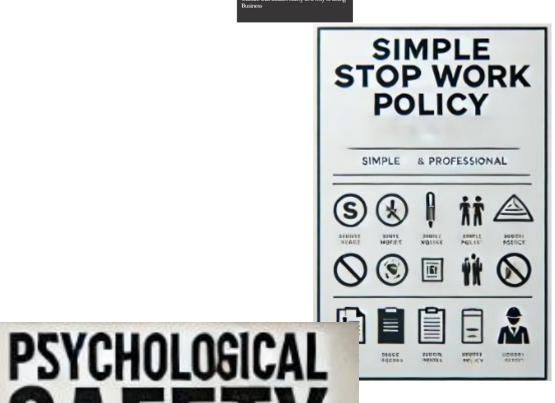






## **Stop When Unsure – Key Components**









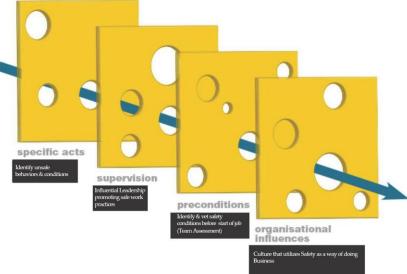








## **Stop When Unsure – Key Components**

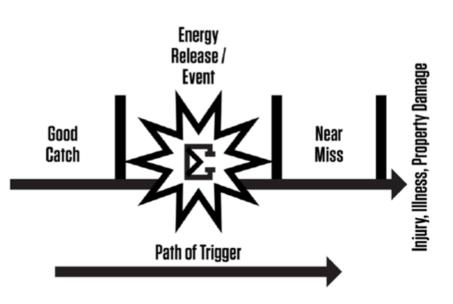












NIC - CTH - Good Catch Thanks for taking the time to report a good catch.		
Thanks for taking the little to report a good outon.		
Division *		
Select or en	er value •	
Date *		
Person Who	Found "The Good Catch" *	
Good Catch What did you	see that was wrong	
What could I	nave happened? *	
Steps Taken	To Address At The Time? *	
Mhat wa nas	d to do to prevent it happening again? *	
what we nee		







### **Safety Culture In Action**

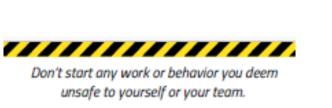




Stop any work or behavior you deem unsafe to yourself or your coworkers.



You will **never** be penalized for stopping unsafe work or speaking up about hazards and injuries.





unsafe to yourself or your team.

